A DESIGN-OF-EXPERIMENTS BASED APPROACH TO ENGINEERING A ROBUST MOORING SYSTEM FOR A SUBMERGED ADCP

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ADCP Buoy Wire Mooring Rope **Acoustic Release** Anchor Chain Anchor

Mooring Design Objectives

Objectives:

- 1. Maintain wire rope safety factor
- 2. Maintain anchor chain safety factor
- 3. Prevent anchor sliding
- 4. Minimize ADCP knockover
- 5. Minimize ADCP pitch
- 6. Recover acoustic release independently
- 7. Minimize capital cost

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Design Method

Result









Dynamic Numerical Model

- Low-diffraction regime (Morison-style hydrodynamics)
- FEA of mooring system
- Nonlinear Lagrangian formulation





Design Approach—Overview

- 1. Specify objectives
- 2. Specify input ranges
- 3. Quantify sensitivities using numerical model
- 4. Assemble and solve optimization model from sensitivities
- 5. Check result



Design Approach—Design of Experiments

Design Factor	Upper Limit	Upper Limit
Reserve Buoyancy Shape	Spherical	Elliptical
Reserve Buoyancy Lift	2,800 N	3,900 N
Anchor Mass	600 kg	1,500 kg
Chain Diameter	6 mm	10 mm
Acoustic Release Buoyancy	0.02 m ³	0.237 m ³
Wire Rope Diameter	6 mm	10 mm



(Adapted from NIST, 2018)



Design of Experiments: Main Effects

Introduction



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Resu

Conclusion

Design of Experiments—Level Setting



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Results

Objective	Initial Design	Optimized D	esign
Wire Load Safety Factor	2.87 🗸	2.95 🗸	
Chain Load Safety Factor	3.19 🗸	2.53 🗸	
Anchor Sliding	0.002 🗸	0.06 🗸	m
ADCP Pitch	8 🗸	9 🗸	deg.
ADCP Knockover	24.8 <mark>X</mark>	12.4 🗸	m
Acoustic Release Recovered?	Yes 🗸	Yes 🗸	
Cost	100% ?	84% 🗸	



Conclusion

Combining dynamic numerical modeling with <u>efficient</u> design techniques from other industries yielded a <u>improved performance</u> while <u>decreasing costs</u>.



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Results—Design Parameters

Design Parameter	Initial Design	Optimized Design
Reserve Buoyancy Shape	Spherical	Elliptical
Reserve Buoyancy Lift	0.603	0.49 N
Anchor Mass	1,500	1,694 kg
Chain Diameter	10	8.1 mm
Acoustic Release Buoyancy	0.237	0.18 m ³
Wire Rope Diameter	10	7.6 mm



Design Method—Sensitivity



Results	Traditional Catenary	
Criteria	Design	Gen. Pareto
	Wave	Dist.
Buoy Load		
Safety Factor	3.2	0.9
Pitch Factor	4	0.6

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